

PNRGM and UBO organised 3 workshops between March 2019 and November 2019.

The first workshop was linked to the demo B1: *Climate change, coastal risks and cultural heritage* was organised the 19th of March 2019 at Locmariaquer municipality. 18 persons participated to this workshop except the organizers.

The second workshop linked to the demo B1: *“Le patrimoine maritime et les risques vu par les habitants de Locmariaquer”* (Maritime Heritage and risques viewed by Locmariaquer inhabitants) was organised in October 21, 2019 at Locmariaquer municipality. 21 persons participated to this event plus the organizers.

The third workshop: *“Towards a strategy for the enhancement of coastal maritime heritage?”* 19th of November 2019, Baden municipality. 22 persons participate to this event plus the organizers.

Abstract of the 1st workshop: *Climate change, coastal risks and cultural*



The first work carried out for this DEMO B1 led to the organisation of a workshop with the citizens of the municipality of Locmariaquer (Morbihan, Brittany - France). This workshop based on participatory process brought together 18 persons living in Locmariaquer municipality and representing different categories of citizens and interests (municipality elected officials, tourism, shellfish farmers, citizens' associations, etc.). The gender and age composition are the following: 11 men and 7 women, and two thirds of them are 50 years old.

The first objective of the workshop was understanding and identify the relations of the participants to the municipality's coastal and maritime cultural heritage (CMCH) and the second, to gather their perceptions in relation to CMCH vulnerability and to its management and preservation. The workshop was structured around three main themes that are the pillars of the B1 DEMOS: the notion of "heritage"; risks/threats; and sustainable management.

Abstract of the 2nd Workshop : “Le patrimoine maritime et les risques vu par les habitants de Locmariaquer » (Maritime Heritage and risks viewed by Locmariaquer inhabitants)



During this workshop the results of the different interviews were presented to the participants as an introduction to the workshop. Then the participants divided in three smaller groups and discussed the following themes: oyster farming as cultural heritage (CH), Coastal path, built maritime heritage.



The discussion of the 3 sub-groups was structured around 5 topics and questions defined in partnership with the PNRGM before the workshop in relation with the CACTUS tool (<https://outil-cactus.parc-golfe-morbihan.bzh/>): 1/Vulnerability; 2/Impact; 3/Un-changeability; 4/Available resources; 5/ Actions to be implemented. The work within the sub groups allowed the identification of some proposals of actions to be implemented locally to preserve and enhance the local CMCH. Among others, participants suggest the creation of a thematic itinerary to promote oyster farming infrastructure with the objective to bring together oysters farmers and tourist guides. Oysters farmers will highlight the local know-how. Another suggestion was the creation of “house of nature” to raise visitors' awareness about the fragility of the coastal path. The last proposal was related to the discovery of the natural maritime heritage. The future actions to conduct for the preservation of CH elements were also discussed.

***A 3rd workshop: “Towards a strategy for the enhancement of coastal maritime heritage?”
19th of November 2019, Baden municipality. Participants: 22***

As a follow-up to the Locmariaquer participative workshops (B1) and the Inventory of cultural maritime heritage (DEMO B2), PNRGM with the support of UBO organized a workshop entitled "Towards a strategy for the enhancement of coastal maritime heritage? » (M19). The aim of this workshop was to bring together cultural and natural heritage stakeholders: State administrations, Brittany Region, Morbihan Department, local municipalities and scientists. The objectives of the workshop were multiple, first to present PERICLES project and second to discuss together the current management of the heritage, its limits and advantages and future management within the Park perimeter. The main challenge was the definition of a common strategy around this issue.



22 participants working in regional and territorial state administrations, architecture state authorities, working either about cultural natural heritage and maritime affairs and mayors of local cities exchange experiences about preservation and management maritime build heritage.

This meeting showed a willingness to work together on the implementation of actions to preserve maritime heritage. It highlighted the need to organise working groups to work on this strategy. The first should take place before the end of 2020 and 3 others should follow during 2021. They will bring together administrations, local authorities, associations, inhabitants and scientists.